

# 1. ASK THE CAREGIVER

How old is the child?



☐ 0 - 7 days



☐ 2 - 11 months



☐ 1 - 2 years



☐ 3 - 5 years

# 2. ASK - CHILD'S PROBLEMS

Does the child have cough, diarrhoea or fever?

*If yes, for how long?*



☐ Cough



☐ Diarrhoea



☐ Fever



If **Cough** is present, check for **Fast Breathing**.



0 - 7 days

**60 or more**  
breaths per minute



2-11 months

**50 or more**  
breaths per minute



1-5 years

**40 or more**  
breaths per minute

# 3. ASK AND LOOK FOR DANGER SIGNS AND REFER

*Refer to Step 4a because children with some of these danger signs need pre-referral treatment.*

Any child or newborn with...

**Vomiting** ☐  
Vomits everything



**Chest in-drawing** ☐



**Convulsions** ☐

**Not able to  
breastfeed  
or drink** ☐



**Very sleepy or  
unconscious** ☐



A newborn with...

**Infected umbilical cord** ☐



**Many skin pustules** ☐



A child with...

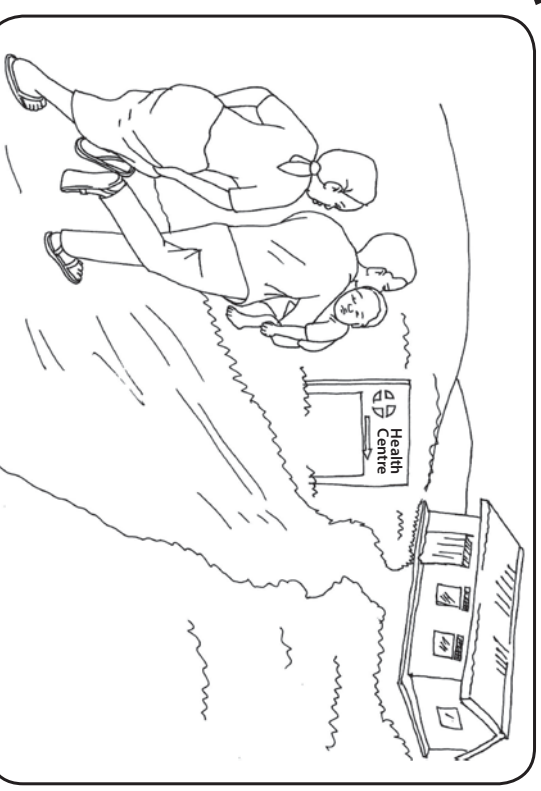
**Cough** ☐  
For 21 days  
or more



**Diarrhoea** ☐  
For 14 days or  
more, or with  
blood



**Fever** ☐  
For 7 days  
or more



# 4a. PRE-REFERRAL TREATMENT

If the child has any of the danger signs below, give the following treatment:

## Diarrhoea

For 14 days or more, or with blood in the stool

- ☐ Begin giving the child ORS before you refer. Advise caregiver to continue giving ORS to the child on the way to the health centre.



## Chest In-drawing or Fast Breathing

With a Danger Sign

- ☐ Give first dose of Amoxicillin before you refer.

2 - 11 months:   2 tabs from RED PACK

1 - 5 years:    3 tabs from GREEN PACK



## Fever

For 7 days or more


- ☐ Give first dose oral Anti-Malarial ACT.

4 months - 3 years:  1 tab from YELLOW PACK

3 - 5 years:   2 tabs from BLUE PACK

## Fever and a General Danger Sign

- ☐ Give Rectal Artesunate.

4 - 11 months:  1 cap

1 - 3 years:   2 caps

4 - 5 years:     4 caps


- ☐ Help caregiver give dose.



## Newborn

With a Danger Sign

- ☐ Give first dose of Amoxicillin.

 ½ tab from RED PACK, crushed








# 4b. TREAT AND ADVISE

If the child has any of the symptoms below with NO danger signs, give the following treatment:







## Cough

With fast breathing for less than 21 days

- ☐ Give oral antibiotic – Amoxicillin.
- ☐ Advise caregiver to give:
  - 2 - 11 months:   2 tabs twice a day for 5 days from RED PACK
  - 1 - 5 years:    3 tabs twice a day for 5 days from GREEN PACK
- ☐ Help caregiver give first dose now.

## Diarrhoea




For less than 14 days, and without blood in stool

- ☐ Give ORS. Help caregiver give child ORS solution in front of you until the child is no longer thirsty.
- ☐ Give caregiver 2 ORS packets to take home.    
Advise caregiver to give as much as child wants, but at least ½ cup ORS solution after each loose stool.
- ☐ Give zinc supplement. Give 1 dose daily for 10 days.
  - 2 to 6 months:  ½ a tab once a day for 10 days
  - 6 months to 5 years:  1 tab once a day for 10 days
- ☐ Help caregiver give first dose now.



## Fever

Less than 7 days

- ☐ Give oral Anti-Malarial ACT.
  - 4 months to 2 years:  1 tab twice a day for 3 days from YELLOW PACK
  - 3 years to 7 years:   2 tab twice a day for 3 days from BLUE PACK
- ☐ Help caregiver give first dose now.
- ☐ Advise caregiver on use of a bed net (LLIN).

# 5. ADVICE FOR ALL CHILDREN TREATED AT HOME

## Give more fluids and continue feeding

- ☐ Advise caregiver to give plenty of homemade fluids such as:
  - Clean water
  - Soup
  - Yoghurt drinks
  - Light porridge
  - ORS



## Go to the health facility if...

- ☐ Advise to go to the health facility if the child:
  - Cannot drink or feed
  - Has blood in stool
  - Becomes sicker
  - Develops any other danger sign
  - Has not improved in 2 days



## Sleep under a net

- ☐ Advise caregiver to be sure the child sleeps under a mosquito net.



## Follow up child in 3 days

- ☐ Decide if you (the VHT member) will go to the child or if the caregiver will bring the child to you.



# 6. ROUTINE CARE FOR THE NEWBORN

## Keeping the baby warm

Advise the caregiver on the following:

- ☐ Wrap the baby in warm, dry clothes, including the head and feet.
- ☐ Put the baby in skin-to-skin contact with the mother, as shown in the picture.
- ☐ Delay the baby's first bath until after 24 hours.



## Breastfeeding exclusively

Advise the mother on the following:

- ☐ Start breastfeeding immediately after birth.
- ☐ Feed the baby on only breast milk, on demand, at least 8 times a day.
- ☐ Ensure the baby is well positioned and attached on the mother's breast.

## Skin and cord care

Advise the caregiver on the following:

- ☐ Wash hands before handling the baby.



- ☐ Do not apply anything on the cord. Leave the cord dry and open.



- ☐ Bathe the baby with clean soap and water.

